VDSR&COLLP

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Head Office : Flat No 3A, 3rd Floor, Amber Crest Apartment,

No.37, Pantheon Road,

Egmore, Chennai - 600 008.

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Members of Purva Asset Management Private Limited (Formally MAP Capital Advisors Private Limited)

-

Report on the Ind AS Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Ind AS financial statements of Purva Asset Management Private Limited (Formally MAP Capital Advisors Private Limited) ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2022, the Statement of Profit and Loss, including the statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the Ind AS financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2022, the loss and total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Standards on Auditing (SAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Setatements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements as per the ICAI's Code of Ethics provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities

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in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information Other than the Ind AS Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's Report including Amexices to Board's Report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard

Management's Responsibility for the Ind AS Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 and the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial control that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

per paring the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability provided as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using

the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process Auditor's Responsibility

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Ind AS financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Ind AS financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Ind AS financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are

- based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Ind AS financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Ind AS financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure A, a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a) we have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) in our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c) the Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss including the Statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - d) in our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

- e) on the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31 March 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors are disqualified as on 31 March 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f) with respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:
 In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.
- h) with respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.
 - ii. the Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivate contracts for which there were any material foreseeable loss.
 - there were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - iv. a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;



- b) The the management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been received by the company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
- c) Based on the above explanations and audit procedures which we have considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (I) and (II) of clause (iv) contain any material mis-statement.
- v. The Company has not declared and paid dividend during the year and hence there was no compliance required as per section 123 of the Companies Act, 2013.

For V D S R & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

FRN No.: 001626S/S200085

Venkatesh Kamath S V

Partner

Membership No 202626

F.R. No. 0016265/ S200085 BANGALORE CHENNAI

Place: Bengaluru

Date: 25-05-2022

(This document is certified using the UDIN facility of ICAI and can be verified at www.udin.icai.org with reference no. 22202626ANAWKT2254)

Annexure - A to the Independent Auditors' Report

The Annexure referred to in Independent Auditors' Report to the members of the Company on the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022, we report that:

- 1. The company does not hold any Property Plant and Equipment during the year and as on the reporting date. Accordingly, paragraph 3(i) of the order is not applicable.
- 2. Company does not have any inventory as on the reporting date. Accordingly, paragraph 3(ii) of the Order not applicable.
- 3. According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured, to Companies, firms, limited liability partnership or other parties covered in the register required under section 189 of the Act 2013. Accordingly, clauses 3 (iii) of the Order are not applicable.
- 4. According to information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted any loans, made any investments, extended any guarantees and provided any security to or on behalf of the parties referred in section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013.

excording to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the cordinary, the Company has not accepted any deposits from the public.

6. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under Section 148 (1) of the Act for any of the services rendered by the Company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable.

7. In respect of Statutory Dues:

- a. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Income-tax, Goods and Services Tax, Customs Duty, Cess and any other statutory dues with the appropriate authorities. There are no undisputed statutory dues outstanding as at March 31 2022 for a period of more than six months from the date they become payable.
- b. According to the information and explanations given to us, and records of the Company examined by us, there are no amounts outstanding in respect of the aforesaid dues on account of any dispute.
- 8. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transactions, previously unrecorded as income in the books of account, in the tax assessments under the Income-tax Act, 1961 as income during the year.
- 9. The Company has not taken any loan either from banks, financial institutions or from the government and has not issued any debentures. Accordingly, paragraph 3 (ix) of the Order is not applicable.
- 10. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not raised money by way of initial public offer or further public offer or term loans. Accordingly, clause 3(x) of the Order is not applicable.

11. According to the information and explanations given to us, no material fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the course of audit. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xi) of the Order is not applicable.

- 12. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- 13. According to the information and explanations given to us and on our examination of the records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act where ever applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- 14. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, Internal audit is not applicable as the company
- 15. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected to him. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable.
- 16. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xvi) of the Order is not applicable.
- 17. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has incurred cash losses of Rs. 37,72,072 /- in the current financial year and Rs. 48,891/- in the immediately preceding financial year.
- 18. During the year under review the casual vacancy caused by resignation of Auditors have been filled by appointing us and we have taken No Objection Certificate (NOC) from the previous auditor who have not raised any issues, objections or concerns in the referred NOC.
- 19. On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and as confirmed by the Management to infuse required funds as and when necessitates, we are of the opinion there are no material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that company is

20. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 is not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xx) of the Order is not applicable.

21. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has no subsidiaries or joint ventures which requires the Company to prepare the consolidated financial statements and get audited and hence, the Company there are no consolidated financial statements either prepared or audited during the year. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable.

For V D S R & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

FRN No.: 001626S/S200085

Venkatesh Kamath S V

Partner

Membership No 202626



Place: Bengaluru Date: 25-05-2022

(This document is certified using the UDIN facility of ICAI and can be verified at www.udin.icai.org with reference no. 22202626ANAWKT2254)

Annexure - B - to the Auditors' Report

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Purva Asset Management Private Limited (Formally MAP Capital Advisors Private Limited) ("the Company") as of 31 March 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

uditor's Responsibility

approsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial

reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting of the Company.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the Company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

herent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or

that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2022, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For V D S R & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

FRN No.: 001626S/S200085

Venkatesh Kamath S V

Partner

Membership No 202626



Place: Bengaluru Date:25-05-2022 (This document is certified using the UDIN facility of ICAI and can be verified at www.udin.icai.org with reference no. 22202626ANAWK12254)



CIN: U74999MH2018PTC305441

Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Rupees)	Note	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	April 1, 2020
ASSETS			,	,
Current assets (a) Financial assets (i) Cash and cash equivalents				
(c) Other current assets	3	3,72,388	4,89,458	5,25,677
Total current assets	4	8,60,464	2,59,609	2,54,209
		12,32,852	7,49,067	7,79,886
Total assets		12,32,852	7,49,067	7,79,886
FOURTY AND LIABITURES			-	11. 41444
EQUITY				
(a) Equity share capital	5	2,00,000	2,00,000	2,00,000
(b) Other equity	6	(62,61,955)		
Total equity	ŭ		(24,89,883)	(24,41,064)
LIABILITIES		(60,61,955)	(22,89,883)	(22,41,064)
Current liabilities (a) Financial liabilities				
(i) Borrowings	7	45,00,150	201	.93
(ii) Trade payables	8	11,68,500	38,762	20,700
(iii) Other financial liabilities	9	15,00,000	30,00,000	30,00,000
(b) Other current liabilities	10	1,26,157	188	250
Total current liabilities		72,94,807	30,38,950	30,20,950
Total equity and liabilities				
		12,32,852	7,49,067	7,79,886
Summary of significant accounting policies	2.2			

The accompanying notes referred to above form an integral part of the financial statements

F.R. No. 001626S S200085 BANGALORE

As per report of even date

for VDSR&CoLLP.,

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration Number: 001626S/S200085

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Purva Asset Management Private Limited (formarly MAP Capital Advisors Private Limited)

DIN 03456820

Venkatesh Kamath S V

Partner

Membership No: 202626

Place: Bengaluru Date: 25.05.2022 Ravi Puravankara

Director

DIN 00504524

Place: Bengaluru Date: 25.05.2022



CIN. U/4999WH2U18P1C3U5441

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2022

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	.,		
(All amounts in Rupees)	Note	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Income			
Total			
Expenses		7=	
Finance costs	11	2.11,567	40
Other expenses	12	35,60,505	48,819
Total expenses		37,72,072	48,819
Profit/(loss) before tax		(37,72,072)	(48,819)
Tax expense		**	
Total tax expense			
Protit/(loss) for the year		(37,72,072)	(48,819)
Other comprehensive income ('OCI')			
Total other comprehensive income			7.5
Total comprehensive income for the year (comprising profit and OCI)		(37,72,072)	(48,819)
Earnings per equity share ('EPS')			
(Nominal value per equity share Rs. 10 (March 31, 2021 - Rs.10)			
Basic (Rs.)		(188.60)	(2,44)
Diluted (Rs.)		(188.60)	(2.44)
Weighted average number of equity shares used in computation of EPS			
Basic - in numbers		20,000	20,000
Diluted - in numbers		20,000	20,000
Summary of significant accounting policies	2.2		

The accompanying notes referred to above form an integral part of the financial statements

As per report of even date

for VDSR&CoLLP.,

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 001626S/S200085

Venkatesh Kamath S V

Partner

Membership No: 202626

Place: Bengaluru Date: 25.05.2022 F.R. No. 001626S/ S200085

BANGALORE CHENNAL

PED ACCOL

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

urva Asset Management Private Limited (formarly MAP Capital Advisors Private Limited)

Ravi Puravankara

Director

DIN 00504524

Place: Bengaluru Date: 25.05.2022 Abhishek Ni

Director

DIN 03456820



Statement of cash flow for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Rupees)	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
A. Cash flow from operating activities	,	•
Profit/(loss) before tax	(37,72,072)	(48,819)
Adjustments to reconcile profit after tax to net cash flows Finance costs	(00,10,000)	(10,010)
Operating profit before working capital changes	(37,72,072)	(48,819)
Working capital adjustments:	((,,
(Increase)/Decrease in leans and advances and other current assets	9	(8,400)
Decrease/(increase) in other สธรษยย	(0,00,855)	*
Increase/ (decrease) in other Current liabilities and Provisions	(2,44,293)	18,000
Cash (used in)/ received from operations	(46,17,220)	(36,219)
Income tax paid (net)		8
Net cash flows (used in)/from operating activities	(46,17,220)	(36,219)
B. Cash flows from investing activities		
Net cash flows from / (used in) investing activities	30	
C. Cash flows from financing activities		
Loans taken from Holding Company	45,00,150	*
Net cash (used in)/from financing activities	45,00,150	
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents (A + B + C)	(1,17,070)	(36,219)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	4,89,458	5,25,677
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year (as per note 3 to the financial statements)	3,72,388	4,89,458

Summary of significant accounting policies

2.2

The accompanying notes referred to above form an integral part of the financial statements

As per report of even date

for V D S R & Co LLP., Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 001626S/S200085

Venkatesh Kamath S V

Partner

Membership No: 202626

Place: Bengaluru Date: 25.05.2022 F.R. No. 0016265/ SZ00085 BANGALORE CHENNAI For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Purva Asset Management Private Limited (formarly MAP Capital Advisors Private

Anish Ravi Puravankara Abhishek Nirankar Kapoor

Director

DIN 00504524

Director DIN 03456820

Issai Danashini

Place: Bengaluru Date: 25,05.2022



Statement of changes in equity for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Rupees)

A. Equity share capital

Particulars	As at 01 April 2020	Movement during 2020-21	As at March 31, 2021	Movement during 2021-22	As at March 31, 2022
Equity share capital of face value of Rs. 100 each fully paid	2,00,000	5:	2,00,000	æ(c	2,00,000
	2,00,000		2,00,000	:•::	2,00,000

B. Other equity

	Securities	Reserves	and surplus	
Particulars	premium reserve	General reserve	Retained Earnings	Total
Balance as at 1 April 2020	-	(3).	(24,41,064)	(24,41,064)
Changes in equity			*	¥
Restated balance at 1 April 2020			(24,41,064)	(24,41,064)
Profit/(loss) for the year		:20	(48,819)	(48,819)
Other Comprehensive Income	200	90 8	*	¥:
Total comprehensive income for the year	2 33	347	(24,89,883)	(24,89,883)
Dividends (including tax on dividend)			*	*:
Others	==0			
Balance as at March 31, 2021	241		(24,89,883)	(24,89,883)
Profit/(loss) for the year			(37,72,072)	(37,72,072)
Other Comprehensive Income				V.
Total comprehensive income for the year		:	(62,61,955)	(62,61,955)
Dividends (including tax on dividend)	ş e	*	8	
Others				
Balance as at March 31, 2022	•		(62,61,955)	(62,61,955)

Summary of significant accounting policies

2.2

The accompanying notes referred to above form an integral part of the financial statements

As per report of even date

for VDSR&CoLLP.,

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 001626S/200085

Venkatesh Kamath S V

Partner

Membership No: 202626

Place: Bengaluru Date: 25.05.2022 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Purva Asset Management Private Limited (formarly MAP Capital Advisors Private Limited)

Ashish Ravi Puravankara

Director

DIN 00504524

Place: Bengaluru Date: 25,05,2022 Abhishek Nirankar Kapooi

Director DIN 03456820



1. Corporate information

Purva Asset Management Private Limited (formarly MAP Capital Advisors Private Limited) was incorporated on February 22, 2018 under the provisions of the Companies Act applicable in India. The registered office is located at Ings Point Bidg., 6Th Floor, CST Road, Kalina, Santagruz (Fast) Mumbai 400098

The Ind AS financial statements were authorized for issue in accordance with a resolution of the directors on May 25, 2022.

2. Significant accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation

In accordance with the notification issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, the Company has adopted Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended and presentation requirements of Division II of Schedule III of Companies Act, 2013 with effect from April 1, 2020. The financial statements of the Company are prepared and presented in accordance with Ind AS.

On March 2021, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs(MCA) through a notification amended schedule III of Companies Act 2013 and the amendments are applicable for financial period commencing from April 01, 2021. The Preparation of financial statements is after taking into consideration the effect of the amended schedule III. The Company has also reclassified the previous year figures in accordance with the requirements applicable on current year.

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

2.2 Summary of significant accounting policies

(a) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires the management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on the management's best knowledge of current events and actions, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in the outcomes requiring a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities. The effect of change in an accounting estimate is recognized prospectively.

(b) Current versus non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non-current classification.

An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- Expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.



The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has evaluated and considered its operating cycle as one year for the purpose of current and non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

(c) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized/inventorised as part of the cost of the respective asset. All other borrowing costs are charged to statement of profit and loss.

(d) Revenue recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of the goods or services are transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Revenue is measured based on the transaction price, which is the consideration, adjusted for discounts and other credits, if any, as specified in the contract with the customer. The Company presents revenue from contracts with customers net of indirect taxes in its statement of profit and loss.

The Company considers whether there are other promises in the contract that are separate performance obligations to which a portion of the transaction price needs to be allocated. In determining the transaction price, the Company considers the effects of variable consideration, the existence of significant financing components, noncash consideration, and consideration payable to the customer, if any.

Interest income

Interest income, including income arising from other financial instruments measured at amortized cost, is recognized using the effective interest rate method.

Dividend income

Dividend income is recognized when the Company's right to receive dividend is established, which is generally when shareholders approve the dividend.

(e) Income taxes

Income tax expense comprises current tax expense and the net change in the deferred tax asset or liability during the year.

Current and deferred tax are recognized in the statement of profit and loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

i. Current income tax

Current income tax for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities based on the taxable income for that period. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

ii. Deferred income tax



Deferred income tax is recognized using the balance sheet approach, deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences at the balance sheet date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes, except when the deferred income tax arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss at the time of the transaction.

Deferred income tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized. The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax assets to the utilized.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

The Company offsets tax assets and liabilities if and only if it has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority.

(f) Provisions and contingent liabilities

A provision is recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance cost.

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognized because it cannot be measured reliably. The Company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses it in the financial statements, unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote.

(g) Financial Instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at fair value at initial recognition. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities are added to or deducted from the fair value measured on initial recognition of financial asset or financial liability.

- i. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Financial assets are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if these financial assets are held within a business whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.
- ii. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Financial assets are measured at fair value through profit or loss unless it is measured at amortized cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income on initial recognition. The transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are immediately recognized in statement of profit and loss.
- iii. Debt instruments at amortized cost



A 'debt instrument' is measured at the amortized cost if both the following conditions are met:

a) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and

b) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate (LIII) method. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the LIR. The EIR amortization is included in finance income in the profit or loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognized in the profit or loss. This category generally applies to trade and other receivables.

iv Equity investment in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates Investment in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associate are carried at cost. Impairment recognized, if any, is reduced from the carrying value.

v. De-recognition of financial asset

The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or it transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for de-recognition under Ind AS 109.

vi. Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, or as payables, as appropriate. The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts. The subsequent measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, which is described below.

vii. Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term.

viii. Financial liabilities at amortized cost

Financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest ('EIR') method. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the EIR amortization process. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

Interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost using EIR method. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

ix. De-recognition of financial liability

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

x. Fair value of financial instruments

In determining the fair value of its financial instruments, the Company uses following hierarchy and assumptions that are based on market conditions and risks existing at each reporting date.

Fair value hierarchy:

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

▶ Level 1 — Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities



- ▶ Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- ▶ Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

(h) Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Partly paid equity shares are treated as a fraction of an equity share to the extent that they are entitled to participate in dividends relative to a fully paid equity share during the reporting period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for events such as bonus issue that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

(i) Cash and cash equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid financial instruments, which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value and having original maturities of three months or less from the date of purchase, to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents consist of balances with banks which are unrestricted for withdrawal and usage.



4 Other current assets 3,72,388 4,89,458 5,25,6 4 Other current assets Duties and taxes recoverable 8,50,464 2,38,734 2,33,3 Advances to suppliers 10,000 10,000 10,00 Preliminary expenses 10,875 10,875 10,887		March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	April 1, 2020
Duties and taxes recoverable 8,50,464 2,38,734 2,33,33 Advances to suppliers 10,000 10,000 10,00 Preliminary expenses 10,875 10,875 10,8 \$ Equity share capital Marsh 91,0000 Muruh 81, £0£1 April 1, £0£4 Authorized shares 50,000 (March 31, 2021 - 50,000 April 01, 2020, 50,000) equity shares of De 40 and 1, 2020, 50,000 April 01, 2020, 50,000 april 01, 2020, 50,000 april 02,000 April 02,000 April 02,000 April 03,000 April 03,000 April 04,000 Apri				5,25,677 5,25,677
Advances to suppliers Preliminary expenses 10,000 1				
5 Equity share capital Authorized shares 50,000 (March 31, 2021 - 50,000, April 01, 2020, 50,000) equity shares of Da. 40 and			10,000	2,33,334 10,000
5 Equity share capital March 31, 2000 March 31, 2011 April 1, 2011 April		8,60,464		10,875
Authorized shares 50,000 (March 31, 2021 - 50,000, April 01, 2020, 50,000) equity observe of De 40 and		March 91, 9000		
	.00, April 01, 2020 - 50,000) equity shares of Rs. 10 eac	,	,	
Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up shares 20,000 (MBIGLES), 2021 - 20,000 April 1990	aid-up shares			
a. Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year Equity shares		2,00,000	2,00,000	2,00,000
March 31, 2022 March 31, 2021 April 1, 2020	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	Anril 1	2020
Balance at the beginning of the year 20,000 2,00,000 30,000 3,00,000 3,00,000		lumber Rs.	Number	Rs. 2,00,000
Issued during the year Outstanding at the end of the year 20,000 20,000 20,000 20,000	e year 20,000 2,00	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	92	2,00,000

b. Terms/rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs. 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian Rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts, if any. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

c. Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company

	March 3	1, 2022	March 3	31, 2021	April 1	. 2020
	No. of Shares	% holding in the class	No. of Shares	% holding in the class	No. of Shares	% holding in the class
Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully pald-up Puravankara Limited Provident Housing Limited	19,999	99.995% 0.005%	(a)	.		-
Sandeep Kotak Prakash Dara	-	¥	5,000	25%	5,000	25%
Ravi Puravankara	26	2	5,000	25%	5,000	25%
Ashish Puravankara		*	5,000 5.000	25% 25%	5,000 5.000	25% 25%
Total	20,000	100%	20,000	100%	20,000	100%

As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/members and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownership of shares.

There are no shares reserved for issue under options and contracts or commitments. Further, there are no shares that have been issued during the last 5 years pursuant to a contract without payment being received in cash, shares allotted as fully paid up by way of bonus shares or shares bought back except for the bonus issue disclosed above.

d Shares held by promoters

Promoter Name	Class of equity shares	No. of shares at the beginning of the year	Transferred during the year	No. of shares at the end of the year	% of total shares	% change during the year
Sandeep Kotak	Equity shares of Rs. 10 each	5,000.00	(5,000.00)		25%	100%
Prakash Dara	Equity shares of Rs 10 each Equity shares of	5,000 00	(5,000 00)	i 8	25%	100%
Ravi Puravankara	Rs 10 each	5,000.00	(5,000.00)		25%	100%
Ashish Puravankara	Equity shares of Rs. 10 each	5,000.00	(5,000.00)		25%	100%
Puravankara Limited	Equity shares of Rs. 10 each		19,999.00	19,999.00	99 995%	100%
Provident Housing Limited	Equity shares of Rs. 10 each		1.00	1.00	0.005%	100%

As at March 31, 202	As	at	March	31,	202
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Promoter Name	Class of equity shares	No. of shares at the beginning of the year	Change doring the year	No. of shares at the end of the year	% of total shares	% change during the year
Sandeep Kotak	Equity shares of Rs 10 each	5000		5,000.00	25%	
Prakash Dara	Equity shares of Rs. 10 each	5000		5,000.00	25%	
Ravi Puravankara	Equity shares of Rs. 10 each	5000		5,000.00		
Ashish Puravankara	Equity shares of Rs 10 each	5000		5,000,00	25% 25%	r *





(All amounts in Rupees)

6	Other equity
	Reserves and surplus
	Securities premium
	General reserve

March 31, 2022 March 31, 2021

April 1, 2020

Retained earnings

Balance at the beginning of the year Total comprehensive income for the year Dalance at the end of the year

(24,90,993)	(24,41,064)	(21, 11, 061)
(37,72,072)	(48,819)	-
(62,61,955)	(24,89,883)	(24,41,064)
(62,61,955)	(24,89,883)	(24,41,064)

Total other equity

7 Borrowings Current borrowings

Unsecured

Loan from related parties repayable on demand with interest

45,00,150	
45 00 150	

8 Trade payables

Trade payable

- Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises
- Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises

	-:	
11,68,500	38,762	20,700
11,68,500	38,762	20,700

Disclosures of dues to Micro, Small and Medium enterprises

The information as required under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company. The Company has not received any claim for interest from any supplier under the said Act.

- The principal amount remaining unpaid
- Interest due thereon remaining unpaid The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting
- The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year).
- The amount of interest accrued during the year and remaining unpaid.
- The amount of further interest remaining due and payable for earlier years

	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					
As at 31 March 2022	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total	
	INR Cr.	INR Cr.	INR Cr.	INR Cr.	INR Cr.	
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises						
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	11,68,500		-		11,68,500	
Disputed dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises					11,00,000	
Disputed dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises						
Total	11,68,500		i i i i		11,68,500	

Trade payables Ageing Schedule#

	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					
As at 31 March 2021	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total	
	INR Cr.	INR Cr.	INR Cr.	INR Cr.	INR Cr.	
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises					920	
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	26,762	12.000			38,762	
Disputed dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		+			30,702	
Disputed dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	982	2	720	s		
Total	26,762	12,000	77		38,762	

R&C

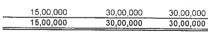
F.R. No. 001626S

PED ACCO

9 Other financial liabilities

Current

Security deposit



April 1, 2020

10 Other current liabilities

Statutory dues payable



11 Finance costs

Interest on loan to holding company

188 1,26,157 188 250

March 31, 2022 March 31, 2021

March 31, 2022 March 31, 2021

12 Other expenses

Legal and professional *

2,11,567 2,11,567

Rates and taxes

34,24,500 48,000 1,36,005 819 35.60.505 48,819

* Payment to auditor [included in legal and professional charges] As auditor:

Audit fee



12,000	12,000
12,000	12,000

Notes to Ind AS Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Rupees)

13 Fair value measurements

The fair value of the financial assets and liabilities is determined as the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

The Company does not have financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value.

The management assessed that the carrying values of cash and cash equivalents, and other financial assets and liabilities (as listed below) approximate their fair values largely either due to their short-term maturities or because they are assets/ liabilities carried at amorised cost approximates their fair values.

Break up of financial assets carried at amortized cost	Notes	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Cash and cash equivalents	3	3,72,388	4,89,458
Break up of financial liabilities carried at amortized cost	Notes	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Trade payable	8	11,68,500	38,762
		11,68,500	38,762

14 Financial risk management

The Company's principal financial liabilities, comprise borrowings, trade payables and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's operations. The Company's principal financial assets include cash and bank balances and other receivables that derive directly from its operations.

The Company's activities expose it to market risk, liquidity risk and credit risk.

The Company's management oversees the management of these risks and ensures that the Company's financial risk activities are governed by appropriate policies and procedures and that financial risks are identified, measured and managed in accordance with the Company's policies and risk objectives.

a. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss that may arise on outstanding financial instruments if a counterparty default on its obligations. Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables and deposits with banks and financial institutions.

Credit risk management

Other financial assets like bank deposits and other receivables are mostly with banks and hence, the Company does not expect any credit risk with respect to these financial assets.

b. Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet obligations when due and also generating cash flow from operations.

Management monitors the Company's liquidity position and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows and maintaining debt financing plans.

The break-up of cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances is as below:

Cash and cash equivalents

 March 31, 2022
 March 31, 2021

 3,72,388
 4,89,458

 3,72,388
 4,89,458





Notes to Ind AS Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Rupees)

c. Maturities of financial liabilities

The tables below analyze the Company's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on their contractual maturities for all financial liabilities. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

March 31, 2022	On demand	Less than 1 year	1 years to 5 years	5 years and above	Total
Financial liabilities - current					
Borrowings	45,00,150	3E	:#R	888	45.00.150
Trade payables	248	11,68,500	190	20	11,68,500

March 31, 2021	On demand	Less than 1 year	1 years to 5 years	5 years and above	Total
Financial liabilities - current					
Worrewings			150	50	12
Trade payables		38,762	2	- 1	38.762

d. Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises two types of risk: interest rate risk and other price risk, such as equity price risk and commodity/ real-estate risk.

The below assumption has been made in calculating the sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity of the relevant profit or loss item is the effect of the assumed changes in respective market risks. This is based on the financial assets and financial liabilities held at March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in Interest rate. The entity's exposure to the risk of changes in Interest rates relates primarily to the entity's operating activities (when receivables or payables are subject to different interest rates) and the entity's net receivables or payables.

The Company is affected by the price volatility of certain commodities/ real estate. Its operating activities require the ongoing development of real estate. The Company's management has developed and enacted a risk management strategy regarding commodity/ real estate price risk and its mitigation. The Company is subject to the price risk variables, which are expected to vary in line with the prevailing market conditions.

e. Interest rate sensitivity

Profit or loss is sensitive to higher/lower interest expense from borrowings as a result of changes in interest rates. The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates, with all other variables held constant. The impact on the entity's profit before tax is due to changes in the fair value of financial assets and liabilities.

Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	April 1, 2020
Interest rates – increase by 50 basis points (50 bps)	21,549		
Interest rates – decrease by 50 basis points (50 bps)	(21,549)		-

f. Capital Management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to maximise returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, and maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

The Company monitors its capital using gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total equity. Net debt comprises long term borrowings, short term borrowings, current maturities of long term borrowings less cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances. Total equity comprises equity share capital and other equity.

a discounts	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	April 1, 2020
Borrowings	45.00.150	· _	· · · · · .
Current maturities of long term borrowings and finance lease obligations			
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	(3,72,388)	(4.89.458)	(5.25.677)
Net debt	41,27,762	(4,89,458)	(5,25,677)
Total equity	(60,61,955)	(22,89,883)	(22.41.064)
Gearing ratio	-0.68	0.21	0.23

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the current and previous years.





March 31, 2022 March 31, 2021 i. Details Of Utilisation Of Borrowings The Company do not have any borrowings from banks and financial institutions during the year. ii. Details Of Title Deeds Of Immovable Property Not Held in The Name Of The Company iii. Details Of Revaluation Of Immovable Property Mit MI Nil NII Iv. Details Of Revaluation Of Intangibles NII v. Ageing Schedule Of Capital Work-In-Progress Mil NII vI. Ageing Schedule Of Intangible Assets Under Development Nil NII vII. Completion Schedule Of Capital Work-In-Progress Which is Overdue Or Has Exceeded The Cost

Details Of Benami Property Held 'n.

There are no proceedings that have been initiated or pending against the Company for holding benami properly under the Benami Transactions (Prohibitions) Act, 1988

Additional Disclosures Wth Respect To Loans And Advances Ŀ

The Company has not advanced any loans to promoters or directors or KMPs or any other related parties and also there are no loans and advances outstanding at the year end receivable from promoters or directors or KMPs or any other related parties

Details Of Security Of Current Assets Against Borrowings į.

Nit Nil

k. Wilful Defaulter

The Company has not been declared as wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or any other lender.

Relationship With Struck Off Companies ١.

There are no transactions with companies struck off under Section 248 of Companies Act, 2013 or Section 560 of the Companies Act, 1956.

Details Of Charges Or Satisfaction Yet To Be Registered With Registrar Of Companies m.

There are no charges and satisfaction yet to be registered with the Registrar of Companies beyond the statutory period as on 31.03.2022.

Détaits Of Compliance With Number Of Layers Of Companies

The Company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of the Section 2 of the Companies Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules,

Analytical Ratios

Ratio	Description of numerator	Description of denominator	Ratio 31.03.2022	Ratio 31.03.2021	Variance	Reasons for variance
(a) Current ratio (b) Debt-equity ratio	Current assets Borrowings - Short-term and	Current liabilities	0 17	0,25	-31 4%	Due to increase in trade payables & borrowings for operations of the Company
	Long-term	Griateriologi's Funds	0.74	ä	74 2%	During the year. Companiaccepted loan from holdin Company, repayable on demanwith interest
c) Debt service coverage ratio***	PAT + Non cash expenses	Interest + Installments	Not	- applicable		
d) Return on equity ratio* e) Inventory turnover ratio*		Equity Shareholder's Funds		applicable		
f) Trade receivables turnover ratio*	Sales (product sales)	Average inventory		 applicable 		
g) Trade payables turnover ratio*	Credit sales	Average accounts receivable		 applicable 		
	Credit purchases	Average accounts payable		 applicable 		
n) Net capital turnover ratio*	Revenue from operations	Net assets	Not	 applicable 		
) Net profit ratio*		Revenue from operations		 applicable 		
) Return on capital employed**	EBIT	Capital employed (Total assets - current liabilities)	Not	- applicable		
() Return on investment**	Profit after tax	Share capital	Not	- applicable		

uring the period, reported as Not applicable

** The Company's net-worth and profit before tax after tax are negative, hence reported as not applicable

** The borrowings from holding company is repyable on demand, hence reported as not applicable

Compliance With Approved Scheme(S) Or Arrangements

There are no approved schemes or arrangements which has been approved by the Competent Authority in terms of sections 230 to 237 of the Companies Act, 2013

15 Details Of Utilisation Of Borrowed Funds And Share Premium

- The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermedianes) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
 - Directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or

- Provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries

- The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
 - Directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by oron behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or

- Provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries





Purva Asset Management Private Limited (formarly MAP Capital Advisors Private Limited) Notes to Ind AS Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Rupees)

16 Related party transactions

Names of related parties and nature of relationship with the Company

(i) Parties where control exists

Puravankara Limited

(ii) Key management personnel

Directors

Mr.Aohlah Ravi Puravankara (with effect from \$1.07.2021)

Mr. Abhishek Nirankar Kapoor (with effect from 21,07,2021)

Mr.Shailesh Viswanathan (with effect from 21.07.2021)

Mr.Sandeep Kotak (until 24.08.2021)

Mr. Prakash Dara (until 24.08.2021)

(iii) Significantly influenced by key management personnel (other related parties)

Mango Financial Advisors LLP

Kenstream Ventures LLP

(iii) The transactions with related parties for the year are as follows:

Nature of transaction	Holding Co	Other related parties		
	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Loans taken from Puravankara Limited	45,00,150	100	is.	-

(iv) Balances with related parties at the year end are as follows: Nature of transaction **Holding Company** Other related parties 31-Mar-22 31-Mar-21 31-Mar-22 31-Mar-21 Loans taken from Puravankara Limited 45.00.150 Security Deposit Mango Financial Advisors LLP 15,00,000 Kenstream Ventures LLP 15,00,000

7 Supplementary statutory information	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
i, Earnings in foreign currency (on receipt basis)	Nil	Nil
ii Expenditure in foreign currency (on accrual basis)	Nil	Nil
iii. Value of imports at CIF basis	Nil	Nil
iv. Contingent liabilities	Nil	Nil
v. Capital commitment	Nil	Nil
vi. Donation to political party	Nil	Nil

In the opinion of the Board and to the best of its knowledge and belief, the value on realization of current assets, loans and advances will, in the ordinary course of business, not be less than the amounts at which they are stated in the Balance Sheet,

18 Unhedged foreign currency exposure

19 Standards issued but not yet effective

As at March 31, 2022, there are no standards that have been issued but not yet effective, which will impact the Company's financial statements.

20 Previous year figures have been regrouped wherever necessary to conform with current year's classification.

Summary of significant accounting policies

2.2

The accompanying notes referred to above form an integral part of the financial statements

As per report of even date

for VDSR&CoLLP.,

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 001626S/S200085

Venkatesh Kamath S V

Partner

Membership No: 202626

Place: Bengaluru Date: 25.05.2022 F.R. No. 001626SI S200085
BANGALORE
CHENNAI

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Purva Asset Management Private Limited formarly MAP Capital Advisors Private Limited)

March 31, 2022

Nil

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Asasi Ravi Puravankara

Director DIN 00504524 Abhishek Nirankar

March 31, 2021

Director DIN 03456820

Place: Bengaluru Date: 25.05.2022



(A. I amounts in ₹, unless otherwise stated)
21. Feconciliation of Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2021 and 1 April 2020

	Note		Opening Balance Sheet as at April 1, 2020 Effects of transition to	et as at April	1, 2020		Opening Balance Sh⊕et as at March 31, 2021	as at March 31, 20	21
Particulars ASSETS		IGAAP	Ind AS		Ind AS	IGAAP	Ind AS	of to the AS	
CL rrent assets									
II sertones Financial assets									
Sash and cash equivalents	က		5,25,677	10	5,25,677		4.89.458		4 89 458
Other current assets	4		2,54,209	6	2,54,209		2,59,609	()	7,59,609
Total current assets			7,79,886	t:	7,79,886		7,49,067		7,49,067
Total Assets			7,79,886	(P.E.)	7,79,886		7,49,067		7,49,067
ECUITY AND LIABILITIES Equity									
Ecult; Share capital	വ		2,00,000	Ē	2,00,000		2,00,000	9	2,00,000
Translation	>	1	(1004)		(24,41,004)		(24,883)	4	(24,89,883)
in-al equity		(2)	(22,41,064)	ţ	(22,41,064)	•	(22,89,883)		(22,89,883)
Liabi ities									
Current Liabilities F nancial Liabilities									
Trade Payables	80		20,700	30	20,700		38.762	,	38 762
Cther financial liabilities	6	Ř	30,00,000	×	30,00,000		30,00,000	. 6	30 00 000
Off er current liabilities	10		250	٠	250		188	(1 4)	188
Total current liabilities		ਲ	30,20,950	9	30,20,950		30,38,950	j.•	30,38,950
Total equity and liabilities			7,79,886	•	7,79,886		7,49,067		7,49,067





Furva Asset Management Private Limited (formarly MAP Capital Advisors Private Limited) (All amounts in Rupees)

22 Reconciliation Statement of Profit and Loss as previously reported under IGAAP and Ind AS

Particulars

Effects of transition to

IGAAP

Year ended March 31, 2021

Ind AS

Ind AS

Revenue from Operations Total Income O-faer Income

To⁻al Expenses Other expenses EXPENSES

48,819 48.819

(48,819)

(48,819)

(48,819)

48,819 48,819 (48,819)

Przfit before exceptional items and tax Pr=fit/(loss) before tax Exceptional Items Tax expense:

Deferred tax Surrent tax

(48,819)(48,819)(48,819)(48,819)

(48,819)

Total Comprehensive Income for the period

Other Comprehensive Income

Prafit/(loss) for the period

(48,819)

Explanation for Reconciliation of equity as at 01 April 2020 and 31 March 2021 and Statement of profit and loss for the year enzed 31 March 2021 as previously reported under IGAAP and Ind AS. Thສe are no reconciliation items of equity, Statement of profit and loss as at 01 April 2020 and 31 March 2021 as previously reported under IGAAP and Ind AS.



