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IBID HOME PRIVATE LIMITED

Financial Statements Year ended 31 March 2022 VDSR&COLLP

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Head Office: Flat No 3A, 3rd Floor, Amber Crest Apartment,

No.37, Pantheon Road,

Egmore, Chennai - 600 008.

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Members of Ibid Home Private Limited

Report on the Ind AS Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Ind AS financial statements of Ibid Home Private Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2022, the Statement of Profit and Loss, including the statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the Ind AS financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2022, the loss and total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Standards on Auditing (SAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements as per the ICAI's Code of Ethics and the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

KEY AUDIT MATTER

Recording of related party transactions and disclosures

The Company has undertaken transactions with its related parties in the ordinary course of business at arm's length. These include borrowing and repayment of loans.

We identified the recording of the said related party transactions and its disclosure as set out in respective notes to the financial statements as a key audit matter due to the significance of transactions with related parties.

Refer notes to financial statements

RESPONSE TO KEY AUDIT MATTER

As part of our audit procedures, our procedures included the following:

- Obtained and read the Company's policies, processes and procedures in respect of identifying related parties, obtaining approval, recording and disclosure of related party transactions.
- Tested, on a sample basis, related party transactions with the underlying contracts, confirmation letters and other supporting documents.
- We examined the Company's ability to repay the loan by reviewing Company's future business plan and future cash flows from the operations.

Information Other than the Ind AS Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon



The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard

Management's Responsibility for the Ind AS Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 and the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial control that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process

Auditor's Responsibility

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Ind AS financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Ind AS financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Ind AS financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.



 Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Ind AS financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Ind AS financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Ind AS financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditors report) Order, 2020 ("The Order") issued by the central government of India in terms of subsection 11 of section 143 of the Act, We give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matter specified in paragraphs 3 & 4 of the order.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
- 3. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a) we have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) in our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.

- c) the Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss including the Statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
- d) in our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- e) on the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31 March 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors are disqualified as on 31 March 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f) with respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".
- g) With respect to the matter to be included in the Auditors' Report under Section 197(16) of the Act;
 In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not paid any remuneration to its directors during the current year, accordingly provisions of Section 197 of the Act is not applicable.
- h) with respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.
 - ii. the Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivate contracts for which there were any material foreseeable loss.
 - iii. there were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - iv. a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of

funds) by the company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

b) The the management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been received by the company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and

- c) Based on the above explanations and audit procedures which we have considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (I) and (II) of clause (iv) contain any material mis-statement.
- v. The Company has not declared and paid dividend during the year and hence there was no compliance required as per section 123 of the Companies Act, 2013.

For V D S R & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

FRN No.: 001626S/S200085

Venkatesh Kamath S V

Partner

Membership No 202626

Place: Bengaluru

Date: 25-05-2022

(This document is certified using the UDIN facility of ICAI and can be verified at www.udin.icai.org with reference no. 22202626ANAOFP8007)

Annexure - A to the Independent Auditor's Report

The Annexure referred to in Independent Auditors' Report to the members of the Company on the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022, we report that:

1.

a

- i. The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
- ii. The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of Intangible assets.
- b. These fixed assets have been physically verified by the management at reasonable intervals having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
- c. According to the information and explanation given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company does not own any immovable properties. Accordingly, paragraph 3(i)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
- d. According to the information and explanation given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not revalued either its property, plant and equipment or intangible assets or both during the year. Accordingly, paragraph 3(i)(d) of the Order is not applicable.
- e. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, there are no proceedings initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and the rules made thereunder. Accordingly, paragraph 3(i)(e) of the Order is not applicable.

- 2. Company does not have any inventory as on the reporting date. Accordingly, paragraph 3(ii) of the Order not applicable.
- 3. According to information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted any loan to companies or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")
- 4. According to information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted any loans, made any investments, extended any guarantees and provided any security to or on behalf of the parties referred in section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- 5. The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public.
- 6. The Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under Section 148 (1) of the Act for any of the services rendered by the Company.

7. In respect of Statutory Dues:

- a. According to information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examinations of the records of the Company, amounts deducted/accrued in the books of account in respect of undisputed statutory dues including, income-tax, Goods and Service Tax (GST) and other material statutory dues have been generally regularly deposited during the year by the Company with the appropriate authorities. As explained to us, the Company did not have any dues on account of employees' state insurance, duty of excise, provident fund, duty of customs, cess, value added tax, sales tax and service tax. There are no undisputed statutory dues outstanding as at March 31 2022 for a period of more than six months from the date they become payable.
- b. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the examination of the records of the Company, there are no amounts outstanding in respect of the aforesaid dues on account of any dispute.
- 8. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transactions,

previously unrecorded as income in the books of account, in the tax assessments under the Income-tax Act, 1961 as income during the year.

- 9. The Company has not taken any loan either from banks, financial institutions or from the government and has not issued any debentures. Accordingly, paragraph 3 (ix) of the Order is not applicable.
- 10. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not raised money by way of initial public offer or further public offer or term loans. Accordingly, clause 3(x) of the Order is not applicable.
- 11. According to the information and explanations given to us, no material fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xi) of the Order is not applicable.
- 12. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- 13. According to the information and explanations given to us and on our examination of the records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act where ever applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- 14. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, Internal audit is not applicable as the company.
- 15. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected to its directors and hence, provisions of Section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.
- 16. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xvi) of the Order is not applicable.

17. Based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has incurred Cash losses

during the year and also in the immediately preceding financial year amounting to Rs.96.95 lacs

Rs.160 lacs.

18. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, clause

3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable.

19. On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and

payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and as

confirmed by the Management to infuse required funds as and when necessitates, we are of the

opinion there are no material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that company is

capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet.

20. According to the information and explanations given to us, Section 135 of the Act (Corporate

Social Responsibility) is not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xx) of the

Order is not applicable.

21. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the consolidated

financial statements is not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xxi) of the Order

is not applicable.

For VDSR&CoLLP

Chartered Accountants

FRN No.: 001626S/S200085

Venkatesh Kamath S V

Partner

Membership No 202626

Place: Bengaluru Date: 25-05-2022

Annexure - B - to the Auditors' Report

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Ibid Home Private Limited ("the Company") as of 31 March 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal

financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting of the Company.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the Company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system from the controls system.

reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2020, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For V D S R & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

FRN No.: 001626S/S200085

Venkatesh Kamath S V

Partner

Membership No 202626

Place: Bengaluru

Date: 25-05-2022

(This document is certified using the UDIN facility of ICAI and can be verified at www.udin.icai.org with reference no. 22202626ANAOFP8007)

CIN: U70109KA2015PTC083799

Balance Sheet for the year ended March 31, 2022 (All amounts in Indian Rs. Thousand, Unless Otherwise Stated)

(All amounts in Indian Rs. Thousand, Unless Otherwise Stated)		As	at
	Note	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
(a) Property, plant and equipment	3		91,27
(b) Intangible asset under development	4	3.7	
(d) Deferred tax assets (net)	5	15,939.40	11,012,43
Total non-current assets		15,939.40	11,103.70
Current assets			
(a) Financial assets			
(i) Trade receivables	6	411,62	988,82
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	7	215,53	567.45
(iii) Loans (iv) Other financial assets	8 9	00.40	72.00
(b) Other current assets	10	90.18	29.77
Total current assets	10	9,206.97 9,924.31	9,334.59 10,992.62
Total Gallett assets		3,324.31	10,552.02
Total assets		25,863.71	22,096.32
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
EQUITY			
(a) Equity share capital	11	100,00	100.00
(b) Other equity	12	(47,372.13)	(32,786.06)
Total equity		(47,272.13)	(32,686.06)
LIABILITIES			- 0.
Current liabilities			
(a) Financial liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	13	1,52,507.44	1,42,628.95
(ii) Trade payables	14	208.80	1,319.88
(b) Other current liabilities	15	400.99	604.88
Total current liabilities	10	1,53,117.23	1,44,553.71
Total equity and liabilities		1,05,845.10	1,11,867.65
Summary of significant accounting policies	2.2		

The accompanying notes referred to above form an integral part of the financial statements

As per report of even date

For V D S R & Co LLP.,

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 001626S/S200085

Venkatesh Kamath S V

Partner

Membership No: 202626

Place: Bengaluru Date: 25, 05, 2022 F.R. No. 001626S/ S200085 BANGALORE CHENNAI For and on behalf of the Board of directors of IBID HOME PRIVATE LIMITED

Amanda Joy Puravankara

Director

DIN 07128042

Place: Bengaluru Date: 25, 05, 2022 Niraj Gautam

Ae at

Director DIN 07868503



CIN: U70109KA2015PTC083799

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2022 (All amounts in Indian Rs. Thousand, Unless Otherwise Stated)

	Note	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Income			
Revenue from operations	16	13.91	2,627.99
Total	100	13.91	2,627.99
		- 10.01	2,027.00
Employee Benefit Expenses	17	5,189,03	13.016.60
Finance Costs	18	9.79	2.42
Depreciation and amortization expense	19	9,817.92	8.074.91
Other expenses	ند	4,810,11	6,670.11
Total expenses		19,526.95	26,772.04
Profit/(loss) before tax		(19,513.04)	(24,144.05)
Tax expense			
Deferred tax	21	(4,926.97)	(6,065.80)
Total tax expense		(4,926.97)	(6,065.80)
Profit/(loss) for the year		(14,586.07)	(18,078.25)
Other comprehensive income ('OCI') Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (i) Re-measurement gains/(losses) on defined benefit plans (ii) Income tax relating to above		œ	
Total other comprehensive income			
Total other bomprenersive moonie			
Total comprehensive income for the year (comprising profit and OCI)		(14,586.07)	(18,078.25)
Earnings per equity share ('EPS') (Nominal value per equity share Rs. 10 (March 31, 2021 - Rs.10)			
Basic (Rs.)		(1,459)	(1,808)
Diluted (Rs.)		(1,459)	(1,808)
Weighted average number of equity shares used in computation of EPS			
Basic - in numbers thousands		10	40
Diluted - in numbers thousands		10 10	10 10
- The second of		10	10
Summary of significant accounting policies	2.2		

The accompanying notes referred to above form an integral part of the financial statements

F.R. No. 001626S S200085 BANGALORE

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As per report of even date

For V D S R & Co LLP.,

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 001626S/S200085

Venkatesh Kamath S V

Partner

Membership No: 202626

Place: Bengaluru Date: 25 05 2022 For and on behalf of the Board of directors of IBID HOME PRIVATE LIMITED

Amanda Joy Puravankara

Director

DIN 07128042

Niraj Gautam Director DIN 07868503

Place: Bengaluru Date: 25, 05,



IBID Home Private Limited CIN: U70109KA2015PTC083799 Statement of cash flow for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian Rs. Thousand, Unless Otherwise Stated)

	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
A, Cash flow from operating activities		
អាចជាប្រែចន) ចរចេរច យវ	(19,513.04)	(24, 144, 05)
Adjustments to reconcile profit after tax to net cash flows		
Depreciation and amortization expense	9,817.92	8,074,91
Operating profit before working capital changes	(9,695.13)	(16,069.14)
(Increase)/ decrease in other financial assets*		, , ,
Increase/ (decrease) in Trade payables	(1,111.08)	(14.30)
(Increase)/decrease in Trade receivable	577.19	(248.26)
Decrease/(increase) in other assets	139,21	(1,603.51)
Increase/ (decrease) in other liabilities	(203.89)	(2,856.08)
Cash (used in)/ received from operations	(10,293.69)	(20,791.28)
Income tax paid (net)		, , , ,
Net cash flows (used in)/from operating activities	(10,293.69)	(20,791.28)
B. Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of tangible assets	2/	2
Purchase of property, plant and equipment (including capital work in progress and capital		
advances)	63.29	(5,424.43)
Net cash flows from / (used in) investing activities	63.29	(5,424.43)
C. Cash flows from financing activities		* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
Loans taken from holding company	9,878,48	24,866.39
Net cash (used in)/from financing activities	9,878.49	24,866.39
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents (A + B + C)	(351.91)	(1,349.33)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	567.45	1,916.78
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year (as per note 7 to the financial statements)	215.54	567.45
·		

Summary of significant accounting policies

2,2

The accompanying notes referred to above form an integral part of the financial statements

F.R. No. 001626S

\$200085

As per report of even date

For V D S R & Co LLP., Chartered Accountants Firm Registration Number: 001626S/S200085

Venkatesh Kamath S V

Partner

Membership No: 202626

Place: Bengaluru Date: 25, 05, 2022

For and on behalf of the Board of directors of IBID HOME PRIVATE LIMITED

Amanda Joy Puravankara Director

DIN 07128042

Place: Bangaluru Date: 25, 05, 2022

Niraj Gautam Director DIN 07868503



CIN: U70109KA2015PTC083799

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian Rs. Thousand, Unless Otherwise Stated)

A. Equity share capital

Particulars	As at 01 April 2020	Movement during 2020-21	As at March 31, 2021	Movement during 2021-22	As at March 31, 2022
Equity share capital of face value of Rs. 10 each fully paid	100	Get	100	120	100
	100	34	100		100

B. Other equity

Particulars	Securities premium reserve	General reserve	Retained Earnings	Total				
Balance as at March 31, 2020		(3)	(14,708)	(14,708)				
Profit/(loss) for the year	T (3)		(18,078)	(18,078)				
Other Comprehensive Income	<u> </u>		(5)	12				
Total comprehensive income for the year		70	(32,786)	(32,786)				
Dividends (including tax on dividend)	3		27.	3.5				
Others	<u> </u>	(4)		24				
Balance as at March 31, 2021			(32,786)	(32,786)				
Profit/(loss) for the year		19.1	(14,586)	(14,586)				
Other Comprehensive Income		32.5		2 3				
Total comprehensive income for the year	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	720	(47,372)	(47,372)				
Dividends (including tax on dividend)	(数)	*	28	*				
Others	34							
Balance as at March 31, 2022	3.0	(*)	(47,372)	(47,372)				

Summary of significant accounting policies

2.2

The accompanying notes referred to above form an integral part of the financial statements

FR. No. 001626S \$200085

BANGALORE

As per report of even date

For V D S R & Co LLP.,

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 001626S/S200085

For and on behalf of the Board of directors of IBID HOME PRIVATE LIMITED

Venkatesh Kamath S V

Partner

Membership No: 202626

Place: Bengaluru Date: 25, 05, 2022

Amanda Joy Puravankara

Director

DIN 07128042

Place: Bengaluru Date: 25, 05, 2022 Niraj Gautam Director

Reserves and surplus

DIN 07868503



IBID HOME PRIVATE LIMITED Notes to Ind AS Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 (All amounts in Indian Rs. Thousands, Unless Otherwise Stated)

1 Corporate information

IBID Home Private Limited (the 'Company') was incorporated on November 02, 2015 under the provisions of the Companies Act applicable in India. The registered office is located at #130/1, Ulsoor Road, Bangalore-42, India. The Company is engaged in the business of real estate development and other allied activities. Company developed online platform which assists sellers /customers to sell and buy the Units with a method of "Reverse Auction".

The Ind AS financial statements were authorized for issue in accordance with a resolution of the directors on May 25, 2022.

2. Significant accounting policies

2.1 Statement of compliance

In accordance with the notification issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, the Company has adopted Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended and presentation requirements of Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 (Ind AS compliant Schedule III). The standalone financial statements of the Company are prepared and presented in accordance with Ind AS.

On March 24, 2021, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) through a notification, amended Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013 and the amendments are applicable for financial periods commencing from April 01, 2021. The preparation of financial statements is after taking into consideration the effect of the amended Schedule III. The Company has also reclassified the previous year figures in accordance with the requirements applicable in the current year.

The standalone financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

2.2 Summary of significant accounting policies

(a) Use of estimates





Notes to Ind AS Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 (All amounts in Indian Rs. Thousands, Unless Otherwise Stated)

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires the management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on the management's best knowledge of current events and actions, uncontainty about those accumptions and actimates could result in the outcomes requiring a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities. The effect of change in an accounting estimate is recognized prospectively.

(b) Current versus non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non-current classification.

An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- Expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has evaluated and considered its operating cycle as one year for the purpose of current and non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

(c) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.





IBID HOME PRIVATE LIMITED

Notes to Ind AS Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022
(All amounts in Indian Rs. Thousands, Unless Otherwise Stated)

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized/inventorised as part of the cost of the respective asset. All other borrowing costs are charged to statement of profit and loss.

(d) Inventories

Direct expenditure relating to real estate activity is inventorised. Other expenditure (including borrowing costs) during construction period is inventorised to the extent the expenditure is directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use. Other expenditure (including borrowing costs) incurred during the construction period which is not directly attributable for bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use is charged to the statement of profit and loss. Direct and other expenditure is determined based on specific identification to the real estate activity.

- i. Work-in-progress: Represents cost incurred in respect of unsold area (including land) of the real estate development projects or cost incurred on projects where the revenue is yet to be recognized. Work-in-progress is valued at lower of cost and net realizable value.
- ii. Stock of flats: Valued at lower of cost and net realizable value.

During the financial year 2018-19, Company derecognized the stock of flats transferred from holding company on implementation Indian Accounting Standard 115 (Ind AS 115) -'Revenue from contracts with customers. The revenue on the said flats is recognised upon transfer of rights on properties to customers.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

(e) Property, plant and equipment

(i) Recognition and measurement

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost, which includes capitalised borrowing costs, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates, any directly attributable cost of bringing the item to its working condition for its intended use and estimated costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located. Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of those qualifying property, plant and equipment, which necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use, are capitalised. If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, then they are





Notes to Ind AS Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 (All amounts in Indian Rs. Thousands, Unless Otherwise Stated)

accounted for as separate components of property, plant and equipment. A fixed asset is eliminated from the financial statements on disposal or when no further benefit is expected from its use and disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss. Property, plant and equipment under construction are disclosed as Capital work-in-progress. Assets retired from active use and held for disposal are stated at the lower of their net book value and net realisable value and shown under 'Other current assets', if any.

(ii) Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Company. Ongoing repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

(iii) Depreciation and amortisation

Depreciation and amortisation for the year is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is calculated on a straight-line basis using the rates arrived at based on the useful lives estimated by the management. The identified components are depreciated over their useful lives; the remaining asset is depreciated over the life of the principal asset. The Company has used the following estimated useful lives to provide depreciation on its property, plant and equipment:

Particulars	Useful life used by the management (in years)	Useful life as per Schedule II (in years)
Office equipment	5	5
Computer equipment		
- End user devices	3	3

(j) Intangible Assets

(i) Recognition and measurement

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Computer software which is not an integral part of the related hardware is classified as an intangible asset.

Research costs are expensed as incurred. Development expenditure incurred on an individual project is recognized as an intangible asset when the Company can demonstrate all the following:

• The technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale.





Notes to Ind AS Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 (All amounts in Indian Rs. Thousands, Unless Otherwise Stated)

- Its intention to complete the asset
- · Its ability to use or sell the asset
- How the asset will generate future economic benefits
- The availability of adequate resources to complete the development and to use or sell the asset
- The ability to measure reliably the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during development.

Following the initial recognition of the development expenditure as an asset, the cost model is applied requiring the asset to be carried at cost less any accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses. Amortization of the asset begins when development is complete and the asset is available for use. It is amortized on a straight line basis over the period of expected future benefit from the related project. Amortization is recognized in the statement of profit and loss. During the period of development, the asset is tested for impairment annually.

(ii) Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Company. Ongoing repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

(iii) Amortisation

Amortisation in respect to all the intangible assets is provided on straight line method over the useful lives of assets based on the evaluation. The useful life of such intangible assets for Computer software is 1-3 years.

(k) Revenue recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of the goods or services are transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Revenue is measured based on the transaction price, which is the consideration, adjusted for discounts and other credits, if any, as specified in the contract with the customer. The Company presents revenue from contracts with customers net of indirect taxes in its statement of profit and loss.

The Company considers whether there are other promises in the contract that are separate performance obligations to which a portion of the transaction price needs to be allocated. In determining the transaction price, the Company considers the effects of variable consideration, the existence of significant financing components, noncash consideration, and consideration payable to the customer, if any.

Interest income





IBID HOME PRIVATE LIMITED

Notes to Ind AS Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022
(All amounts in Indian Rs. Thousands, Unless Otherwise Stated)

Interest income, including income arising from other financial instruments measured at amortized cost, is recognized using the effective interest rate method.

(I) Income taxes

Income tax expense comprises current tax expense and the net change in the deferred tax asset or liability during the year.

Current and deferred tax are recognized in the statement of profit and loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current income tax

Current income tax for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities based on the taxable income for that period. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

ii. Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is recognized using the balance sheet approach, deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences at the balance sheet date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes, except when the deferred income tax arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss at the time of the transaction.

Deferred income tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilized.



IBID HOME PRIVATE LIMITED

Notes to Ind AS Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022
(All amounts in Indian Rs. Thousands, Unless Otherwise Stated)

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

The Company offsets tax assets and liabilities if and only if it has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority.

(m) Provisions and contingent liabilities

A provision is recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance cost.

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognized because it cannot be measured reliably. The Company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses it in the financial statements, unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote.

(n) Financial Instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at fair value at initial recognition. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities are added to or deducted from the fair value measured on initial recognition of financial asset or financial liability.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Financial assets are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if these financial assets are held within a business whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.



Notes to Ind AS Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 (All amounts in Indian Rs. Thousands, Unless Otherwise Stated)

II. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are measured at fair value through profit or loss unless it is measured at amortized cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income on initial recognition. The transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are immediately recognized in statement of profit and loss.

iii. Debt instruments at amortized cost

A 'debt instrument' is measured at the amortized cost if both the following conditions are met:

- a) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- b) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included in finance income in the profit or loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognized in the profit or loss. This category generally applies to trade and other receivables.

Equity investment in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates
Investment in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associate are carried at cost. Impairment recognized, if any, is reduced from the carrying value.

De-recognition of financial asset

The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or it transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for de-recognition under Ind AS 109.

vi. Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, or as payables, as appropriate. The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts. The subsequent measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, which is described below.

vii. Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss





IBID HOME PRIVATE LIMITED Notes to Ind AS Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 (All amounts in Indian Rs. Thousands, Unless Otherwise Stated)

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term.

viii. Financial liabilities at amortized cost

Financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest ('EIR') method, Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the EIR amortization process. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

Interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost using EIR method. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

ix. De-recognition of financial liability

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

x. Fair value of financial instruments

In determining the fair value of its financial instruments, the Company uses following hierarchy and assumptions that are based on market conditions and risks existing at each reporting date.

Fair value hierarchy:

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- ▶ Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- ▶ Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- ▶ Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have company between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization

IBID HOME PRIVATE LIMITED

Notes to Ind AS Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022
(All amounts in Indian Rs. Thousands, Unless Otherwise Stated)

(based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

(o) Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Partly paid equity shares are treated as a fraction of an equity share to the extent that they are entitled to participate in dividends relative to a fully paid equity share during the reporting period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for events such as bonus issue that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

(p) Cash and cash equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid financial instruments, which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value and having original maturities of three months or less from the date of purchase, to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents consist of balances with banks which are unrestricted for withdrawal and usage.





Notes to Ind AS Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian Rs. Thousand, Unless Otherwise Stated)

3 Property, plant and equipment

Particulars	Computer equipment	Office Equipment	Intangible Asset	Total
Gross carrying amount at cost				
At March 31, 2020	1,043.52	77.50	97,576.84	98,697.85
Additions		-	± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ± ±	329
Disposals	4	37	<u> </u>	
At March 31, 2021	1,043.52	77.50	97,576.84	98,697.85
Disposals				32
At March 31, 2022	1,043.52	77.50	97,576.84	98,697.85
Accumulated depreciation				
At March 31, 2020	987.75	41.99		1,029.74
Charge for the year	:=0	*	7,805.51	7,805.51
Adjustments for disposals				340
At March 31, 2021	987.75	41.99	7,805.51	8,835.25
Charge for the year	2.69	22.21	9,789.94	9,814.84
Adjustments for disposals	53.07	13.30	UE:	66.37
At March 31, 2022	1,043.52	77.50	17,595.45	18,716.46
Net block				
At March 31, 2021	55.76	35.51	89,771.33	89,862.60
At March 31, 2022		•	79,981.39	79,981.39

Notes:

a. Capitalized borrowing cost

There are no borrowing costs capitalized during the year ended March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021.

b. Property, plant and equipment pledged as security

No assets pledged.





4 Intangible asset under development

Notes to Ind AS Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 (All amounts in Indian Rs. Thousand, Unless Otherwise Stated)

Opening Balance	97,576.83	92,152.40
Additions:		
- Professional Charges		5,424,44
-Capitalised during the year	(97,570.83)	(97,570.83)
		97,576.83
Closing Balance		97,576.83
Intangible Assets under development is recognised and quantified in accordance	with Ind AS 38. All the expenditure	directly attributable to
the intangible asset during its development is added to the cost of the intangible	le asset. Tax credits has not been o	capitalised during the
current financial year due to expected existence of output service in the next finan		,
5 Deferred tax asset (net)	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Deferred tax asset arising on account of		
Carried forward losses and depreciation	15,939.40	11,012.43
	15,939.40	11,012.43
6 Trade receivables		
Unsecured, considered good		
Dues from related parties	137.28	62.18
Dues from others	274.34	926.64
	411.62	988.82
7 Cash and cash equivalents	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Balances with banks		
In current accounts	215.53	567,45
	215.53	567.45
8 Loans	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Current		,
(Unsecured, considered good)		
Security deposits	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	72.00
	<u></u>	72.00
9 Other financial assets	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
a Current		
Others	90.18	29.77
	90.18	29.77
10 Other assets	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Current	MaiCil 31, 2022	match 31, 2021
Advances to suppliers	-	703.44
Duties and taxes recoverable	8,980.00	8,571.03
TDS Receivables	226.97	5,5. 1100
Prepaid Expenses	=	60.12
	9,207	9,335





March 31, 2022

March 31, 2021

Notes to Ind AS Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 (All amounts in Indian Rs. Thousand, Unless Otherwise Stated)

6-a Trade receivables Ageing Schedule As at 31 March 2022

	Curent but not		ling for foll	owing peri payment	ods from dı	ue date of	
	du a	Less than u Months	6 months – 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered good		50.05	87.23	274.34			411.62
Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk			: :*			-	÷
Undisputed Trade receivable – credit impaired	3			(-	5	$\bar{\pi}$	- 3
Disputed Trade receivables - considered good	*				*	*	-
Disputed Trade receivables – credit impaired	ä	3	•	(8		ŝ	3
Total		50.05	87.23	274.34			411.62

As at 31 March 2021

	Compand hard made	Outstand	ling for foll	owing peri	ods from di	ie date of	
	Curent but not	Less than 6 Months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered good		239.77	686.92	62.12	5	¥	988.82
Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	×	-				*	
Undisputed Trade receivable credit impaired	8	8				Ē	-
Disputed Trade receivables - considered good	*			-		-	
Disputed Trade receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	2	j.	÷		¥	ä	9
Disputed Trade receivables – credit impaired	= =	*		•			
Total		239.77	686.92	62.12	-	- 4	988.82





Notes to Ind AS Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian Rs. Thousand, Unless Otherwise Stated)

11 Equity share capital	March 31,	March 31,
Authorized shares		
1,00,000(31 March 2021-1,00,000)equity shares of Rs. 10 each	1,000.00	1,000.00
Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up shares		
10,000(31 March 2021-10,000)equity shares of Rs. 10 each	100.00	100.00

a. Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year

Equity shares

	Waren 31, 207	Warch 31, 2022		2021
	Number	Rs.	Number	Rs.
Balance at the beginning of the your	10.00	100.00	10.00	100.00
lesued during the year		743		-
Outstanding at the end of the year	10.00	100.00	10.00	100.00

b. Terms/rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs, 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian Rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except interim dividend.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts, if any, The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

c. Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company

_	March 31, 2022		March 31, 2021	
	No of shares	% holding in the class	No of shares	% holding in the class
Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid-up Puravankara Limited	10,00	100%	10,00	100%

As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/members and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownership of shares.

d Details of shares held by promoters

As at 31 March 2022

Description	Promoter Name	No. of shares at the beginning of the year	Change during the year	No. of shares at the end of the year	% of Total Shares	% change during the year
Equity shares of INR 10 each fully paid	Puravankara Ltd	10.00	-	10.00	100%	
Total		10.00		10.00	100%	

As at 31 March 2021

Description	Promoter Name	No. of shares at the beginning of the year	Change during the year	No. of shares at the end of the year	% of Total Shares	% change during the year
Equity shares of INR 10 each fully paid	Puravankara Ltd	10.00		10.00	100%	
Total		10.00		10.00	100%	





Notes to Ind AS Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian Rs. Thousand, Unless Otherwise Stated)

12 Other equity	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Reserves and surplus		
Securities premium	¥	
General reserve	•	2
Retained earnings		
Balance at the beginning of the year	(32,786,06)	(14,797,89)
lotal comprehensive income for the year	(14,586.07)	(18,078.26)
Balance at the end of the year	(47,372.13)	(32,786.06)
Total other equity	(47,372.13)	(32,786.06)
13 Borrowings	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Current borrowings		
Unsecured		
Loans from related parties	1,20,300.00	1, 10,42 1.52
From others	32,207.44	32,207.44
	1,52,507.44	1,42,628.95
	1,52,507.44	1,42,628.95





14 Trade payables

Notes to Ind AS Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 (All amounts in Indian Rs. Thousand, Unless Otherwise Stated)

	lank and an	THE TOTAL E	March 51, 2021
	Y.		
	Trade payable		
	- Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		
	- Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises	208.80	1,319.88
	Payable to related parties		
		208.80	1,319.88
1	Disclosures of dues to Micro, Small and Medium enterprises		
	The information as required under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2 such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company. The C interest from any supplier under the said Act.	2006 has been deter ompany has not rec	mined to the extent eived any claim for
÷ l.	The principal amount remaining unpaid	•	-
ΙĹε	Interest due thereon remaining unpaid		
iii,	The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year.		
iv.	The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year).		ä
V.	The amount of interest accrued during the year and remaining unpaid.		2
vi.		-	-
15 Ot	her current liabilities	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
	Statutory dues payable	6.31	130.76
	Other payables	:55	6.78
	Advance from customers	394.68	394.68
	Provision		72.66
		400.99	604.88





March 31, 2022

March 31, 2021

Notes to Ind AS Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 (All amounts in Indian Rs. Thousand, Unless Otherwise Stated)

14 a Trade payables Ageing Schedule As at 31 March 2022

	Outsta	nding for fo	٠.	riods from due	date of
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	paymer 2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	V-22-5				ā
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	172.80	36.00	×	-	208.80
Disputed dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	Œ	9.5		-	
Disputed dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		: ::E		-	¥
	172.80	36.00			208.80
As at 31 March 2021	Outeta	nding tor to	Mounna no	rioda trom dila	data at
	Outsta	numg for it	pavmer	riods from due i	uale of
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
	INR Thousand	INR Thousand	INR Thousand	INR Thousand	INR Thousand
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	THOUGHT	THOUSANG	mododna		-
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	565,99	9.00	744_89		1,319.88
Disputed dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		5 0 8	•		
Disputed dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	3	•		· ·	
	565.99	9.00	744.89		1,319.88





Notes to Ind AS Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 (All amounts in Indian Rs. Thousand, Unless Otherwise Stated)

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16 Revenue from operations

Revenue from contracts with customers: Income from Real Estate Marketing Services

Income from Real Estate Marketing Services Income on transfer of right on properties (net) March 31, 2022

March 31, 2021

13.91

2,627.99

13.91

2,627.99

Disaggregation of revenue

Set out below is the disaggregation of the Company's revenue from contracts with customers, which is in agreement with the contracted price.

March 31, 2022

March 31, 2021

Revenue recognised at a point in time Revenue recognised over time

13.91

2,627.99

Contract balances

Trade receivables Contract liabilities March 31, 2022

March 31, 2021

411.62

988,82

394.68

394.68

Trade receivables are generally on credit terms. The decrease in trade receivables is primarily on account of improvement in collection period.

Contract liabilities represents transaction price allocated to unsatisfied performance obligations. The outstanding balances of these accounts decreased primarily on account of timing of revenue recognition pursuant to adoption of Ind AS 115.

Performance obligations

March 31, 2022

March 31, 2021

Aggregate amount of the transaction price allocated to the performance obligations that are unsatisfied as of the end of the reporting period

Revenue to be recognised at a point in time

Revenue to be recognised over time

SR & COLLO SOURCES A SINGH CHENNAL C



Notes to Ind AS Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 (All amounts in Indian Rs. Thousand, Unless Otherwise Stated)

17 Employee Benefit Expenses	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Salaries, wages and bonus	5,088.35	12,842,29
Contribution to provident fund and other funds	100.68	174.31
	5,189,03	13,016.60
18 Finance costs	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Bank charges	9.79	2.42
	9.79	2.42
19 Depreciation and amortization expense	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (refer note 3)	9,817.92	8,074.91
	9,817.92	8,074.91
20 Other expenses		
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Travel and conveyance	154	64
Repairs and maintenance - Others	425,94	≘
Legal and professional *	3,083.09	78.24
Rates and taxes	7.27	11.57
Communication costs	21.58	63.19
Printing and stationery		3.35
Advertising and sales promotion	713.85	5,121.29
Foreign exchange loss	4-11	¥
Miscellaneous expenses	100.33	336.87
	4,510.22	5,678.11
* Payment to auditor [included in legal and professional charges]		
As auditor:		
Audit fee	40.00	40.00
	40.00	40.00
	V	





IBID HOME PRIVATE LIMITED

Notes to Ind AS Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian Rs. Thousand, Unless Otherwise Stated)

21 Income tax	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
The major components of income tax expense for the years ended March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021 and		
Statemement of profit and loss:	3	
Profit or loss section:		
Current tax:		
Current income tax charge	2.	S*S
Deferred tax:		
Relating to origination/ reversal of temporary differences	(4,927)	(6,066)
Income tax expense reported in the statement of profit and loss	(4,927)	(6,066)
OCI section:		
Deferred tax related to items recognised in OCI during the year:		
Re-measurement gains/(losses) on defined benefit plans	±((*)
Income tax charged to OCI		-
Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's tax rate		
Accounting profit before income tax	(19,513)	(24,144)
Effective tax rate in India	25.17%	25.17%
Deferred tax assets (net)	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Deferred tax asset arising on account of :	Walch 31, 2022	Waren 31, 2021
Carried forward losses and depreciation	15,939	11,012
	15,939	11,012
Reconciliation of deferred tax assets	3	
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Net deferred tax asset at the beginning of the year	11,012	Ĭ.
Tax income/(expense) during the year recognized in profit and loss Net deferred tax asset at the end of the year	4,927	6,066
not deterior tax asset at the did of the year	15,939	11,012





Notes to Ind AS Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian Rs. Thousand, Unless Otherwise Stated)

22 Going Concern

The Company has incurred a net loss of Rs. 14,586.1/- during the year ended 31 March 2022 (31 March 2021 Rs, 18,078.3) and, as of that date, the Company's accumulated losses amount to Rs. 4,732.13 (31 March 2021 Rs.3,2786.06) resulting in substantial erosion of its net worth, and the Company's current liability have exceeded its current asset by Rs.1,43,192.92. These conditions, along with other matters as set forth in the aforesaid note, indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. However, the management is confident that the Company will generate adequate surplus in the future based on its long term business strategies and future business plan. Accordingly, the accompanying financials have been prepared on going concern basis.

ASHRIMONDORUM ON THE VIEW TO THE LET

The fair Value of the financial assets and liabilities is determined as the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

The Company does not have financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value.

The management assessed that the carrying values of cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, loans, trade payables, borrowings and other financial assets and liabilities (as listed below) approximate their fair values largely either due to their short-term maturities or because they are assets/ liabilities carried at amortised cost and their amortised cost approximates their fair values.

Break up of financial assets carried at amortized cost	Notes	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Loans	8	1 9 3	72.00
Trade receivables	6	411.62	988.82
Cash and cash equivalents	7	215.53	567.45
		717.34	1,658.04
Break up of financial liabilities carried at amortized cost	Notes	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Borrowings	13	1,52,507,44	1,42,628.95
Trade payable	14	208.80	1,319.88
		1,52,716	1,43,949

24 Financial risk management

The Company's principal financial liabilities, comprise borrowings, trade payables and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's operations. The Company's principal financial assets include loans, trade receivables, cash and bank balances and other receivables that derive directly from its operations.

The Company's activities expose it to market risk, liquidity risk and credit risk,

The Company's management oversees the management of these risks and ensures that the Company's financial risk activities are governed by appropriate policies and procedures and that financial risks are identified, measured and managed in accordance with the Company's policies and risk objectives.

a. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss that may arise on outstanding financial instruments if a counterparty default on its obligations. Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables and deposits with banks and financial institutions.

Credit risk management

Other financial assets like bank deposits and other receivables are mostly with banks and hence, the Company does not expect any credit risk with respect to these financial assets.

With respect to trade receivables/ unbilled revenue, the Company has constituted teams to review the receivables on periodic basis and to take necessary mitigations, wherever required. The Company creates allowance for all unsecured receivables based on lifetime expected credit loss.

b. Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet obligations when due and also generating cash flow from operations.

Management monitors the Company's liquidity position and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows and maintaining debt financing plans.

The break-up of cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances is as below:

Cash and cash equivalents

 March 31, 2022
 March 31, 2021

 215.53
 567.45

 215.53
 567.45





Notes to Ind AS Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian Rs. Thousand, Unless Otherwise Stated)

Maturities of financial liabilities

The tables below analyze the Company's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on their contractual maturities for all financial liabilities. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows

March 31, 2022	On demand	Less than 1 year	1 years to 5 years	5 years and above	Total
Financial liabilities - current Borrowings /A/IA AAYANIA	1,52,507 44	ଅଦନ୍ତି ଜୁଠ -	-	•	1,52,507.44 ?QB.8Q
		Less than 1	1 years to 5	5 years and	Total
March 31, 2021	On demand	year	years	above	

c. Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises two types of risk: interest rate risk and other price risk, such as equity price risk and commodity/ real-estate risk

The below assumption has been made in calculating the sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity of the relevant profit or loss item is the effect of the assumed changes in respective market risks. This is based on the financial assets and financial liabilities held at March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in Interest rate. The entity's exposure to the risk of changes in Interest rates relates primarily to the entity's operating activities (when receivables or payables are subject to different interest rates) and the entity's net receivables or

The Company is affected by the price volatility of certain commodities/ real estate. Its operating activities require the ongoing development of real estate. The Company's management has developed and enacted a risk management strategy regarding commodity/ real estate price risk and its mitigation. The Company is subject to the price risk variables, which are expected to vary in line with the prevailing market conditions.

The Company does not have any interest bering borrowings in the current year

d. Capital Management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to maximise returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, and maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or

The Company monitors its capital using gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total equity. Net debt comprises long term borrowings, short term borrowings, current maturities of long term borrowings less cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances. Total equity comprises equity share capital and other equity.

March 31, 2022 March 31, 2021 **Particulars** 1,42,628,95 1,52,507.44 Borrowings Current maturities of long term borrowings and finance lease obligations (215.53) (567.45) Less: Cash and cash equivalents 1.42.061.50 1,52,291.90 Net debt (32.786.06) (47.372.13) Total equity (4.33)(3.21)Gearing ratio

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the current and previous years





Notes to Ind AS Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian Rs. Thousand, Unless Otherwise Stated)

25 Other Statutory Information	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
a Details Of Utilisation Of Borrowings		
i The Company do not have any borrowings from banks and		
financial institutions during the year.	Nil	Nil
ii. Details Of Title Deeds Of Immovable Property Not Held In The		
Name Of The Company	Nil	Nii
iii. Details Of Revaluation Of Immovable Property	Nil	Nil
iv. Details Of Revaluation Of Intangibles	Nil	Nil
v. Ageing Schedule Of Capital Work-In-Progress	Nil	Nil
vi. Ageing Schedule Of Intangible Assets Under Development	Nil	Nil
vii, Completion Schedule Of Capital Work-In-Progress Which Is	,	,
Overdue Or Has Exceeded The Cost		

b Details Of Benami Property Held

There are no proceedings that have been initiated or pending against the Company for holding benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibitions) Act, 1988.

c Additional Disclosures Wth Respect To Loans And Advances

The Company has not advanced any loans to promoters or directors or KMPs or any other related parties and also there are no loans and advances outstanding at the year end receivable from promoters or directors or

d Details Of Security Of Current Assets Against Borrowings

Nil

Nil

e Wilful Defaulter

The Company has not been declared as wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or any other lender.

f Relationship With Struck Off Companies

There are no transactions with companies struck off under Section 248 of Companies Act, 2013 or Section 560 of the Companies Act, 1956.

g Details Of Charges Or Satisfaction Yet To Be Registered With Registrar Of Companies

There are no charges and satisfaction yet to be registered with the Registrar of Companies beyond the statutory period as on 31.03.2022.

h Details Of Compliance With Number Of Layers Of Companies- Not applicable

The Company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of the Section 2 of the Companies Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.

26 Financial Ratios

а	Ratio	Current ratio
	Numerator	Current Assets
	Denominator	Current Liabilities

	Out the Liabilities	Odificit Elabilities				
Ratios/Measures	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021				
Current Assets (A)	9,924.31	10,992.62				
Current Liabilities (B)	1,53,117.23	1,44,553.71				
Current Ratio (C) = (A) / (B)	0.06	0.08				
% of change from previous year	-14.77%					





Notes to Ind AS Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian Rs. Thousand, Unless Otherwise Stated)

Ratio

Trade receivables turnover ratio

Numerator

Revenue from operations

Denominator

Average trade receivables

	0,000 1,000,100					
Ratios/Measures	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021				
Revenue from operations (A)	13.91	2,027.99				
Closing trade receivables (B)	411 62	988 82				
Average Trade Receivables [(opening + closing) /2] (B)	700.22	864.69				
Trade receivables turnover ratio (C) = (A) / (B)	0.02	3.04				
% of change from previous year	-99.35%					

The ratio has changed mainly due to decrease in revenue from operations for the current year.

g Ratio

Trade payable turnover ratio

Numerator

Total purchases

Denominator

Average trade payables

Ratios/Measures	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021		
Total purchases (A) *	4,510.22	5,678.11		
Closing trade payables (B)	208.80	1,319.88		
Average Trade Payables [(opening + closing) /2] (B)	764.34	1327.03		
Trade payables turnover ratio (C) = (A) / (B)	5.90	4.28		
% of change from previous year	37.91%			

^{*} Total expenses represents other expesnses

Ratio

Net capital turnover ratio Revenue from operations

Numerator Denominator

Working capital (Current Assets - Current Liabilities)

Ratios/Measures	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	
Revenue from operations (A)	13.91	2,627.99	
Working Capital (B)	(1,43,192,92)	(1,33,561,09)	
Net capital turnover ratio (C) = (A) / (B)	(1,38,377.00)	(66,780.54)	
Tturnover ratio (C) = (A) / (B)	-0.00	-0.04	
% of change from previous year	-99.74%		

The ratio has changed mainly due to decrease in revenue from operations for the current year.

Ratio

Net profit ratio

Numerator

Profit after tax

Denominator

Revenue from operations

Ratios/Measures	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	
Profit (Loss) after tax (A)	(14,586.07)	(18,078.25)	
Revenue from operations (B)	13.91	2,627.99	
Net profit ratio (C) = (A) / (B)	(1,048.68)	(6.88)	
% of change from previous year	15144.39%		

The ratio has changed mainly due to decrease in revenue from operations for the current year.





The ratio has changed mainly due to decrease in payables for the current year.

Notes to Ind AS Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian Rs. Thousand, Unless Otherwise Stated)

Ratio Numerator Return on capital employed

Earning before interest and taxes

Denominator

Capital Employed (Total equity, Total borrowings

linting/Mengures	March 21, 2022	March 31, 2021	
Profit (Loss) after tax (A)	(14,586.07)	(18,078.25)	
Adjustments:-))	
Add: Total tax expenses (B)			
Add: Finance cost (C')	-	*	
Earnings before interest and tax (D) = (A) + (B) + (C)			
	(14,586.07)	(18,078.25)	
Total Equity (E')	(47,272-13)	(32,686.06)	
Total borrowings (F)	1,52,507.44	1,42,628,95	
Capital Employed (G) = (E) + (F)	1,05,235.30	1,09,942.89	
Return on capital employed (G) = (D) / (G)	(0.14)	(0.16)	
% of change from previous year	-15.71%		

Note:

Return on investment are not applicable to the Company.

p. Compliance With Approved Scheme(S) Or Arrangements

There are no approved schemes or arrangements which has been approved by the Competent Authority in terms of sections 230 to 237 of the Companies Act, 2013.

15 Details Of Utilisation Of Borrowed Funds And Share Premium

- a. The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
 - Directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - Provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries
- b. The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
 - Directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - Provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries





IBID HOME PRIVATE LIMITED

Notes to Ind AS Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022
(All amounts in Indian Rs. Thousand, Unless Otherwise Stated)

25 Related party transactions

Names of related parties and nature of relationship with the Company
(i) Parties where control exists
Puravankara Limited
(ii) Key management personnel
Niraj Gautam
Amanda Joy Puravankara
Patil D S

Designation Ulrector Director Director

fiii) Rikkilives of Key management personnol Ravi Puravankara Puravankara Investment - Proprietorship of Ravi Puravankara

iv) The transactions with related parties for the year are as follows:	Holding Company	Holding Company		Other Related Parties		Key management personnel	
Nature of transaction	As at 31 March, 2022	As at 31 March, 2021	As at 31 March, 2022	As at 31 March, 2021	As at 31 March, 2022	As at 31 March, 2021	
i) Loans received from Puravankara Limited	9,878.49	24,866.39			. a		
iii) Trade receivable	50.05	87.23					

(4)	Balances with related parties at the year end are as follows:		Holding Company		Other Related Parties		Key management personnel	
	Nature of tra	nsaction	As at 31 March, 2022	As at 31 March, 2021	As at 31 March, 2022	As at 31 March, 2021	As at 31 March, 2022	As at 31 March, 2021
	i) Leans received from Puravankara Limited Ravi Puravankara	5/.	1,20,300 00	1,10,421.52	29,982,44 1,500,00	29,982 44 1,500.00		
	Puravankara Investment Amanda Joy Puravankara ii) Trade receivable		137 26	62 18	-		725 00	725.0

	M 24 2022	March 31, 2021
26 Supplementary statutory information	March 31, 2022	
I Earnings in foreign currency (on receipt basis)	Nil	Nil
Learnings at location of the control of	Nil	Nil
ii. Expenditure in foreign currency (on accrual basis)	Nil	Nil
iii Value of imports at CIF basis		
iv Contingent liabilities	Nil	Nil
	Nil	Nil
v Capital commitment	Nil	Nil
i Desertion to political ports	1411	140





Notes to Ind AS Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 (All amounts in Indian Rs. Thousand, Unless Otherwise Stated)

In the opinion of the Board and to the best of its knowledge and belief, the value on realization of current assets, loans and advances will, in the ordinary course of business, not be less than the amounts at which they are stated in the Balance 27 Sheet,

28 Unhedged foreign currency exposure

March 31, 2022

March 31, 2021 Nil

Nil

29. The Company has not traded or invested in Cryptonurency transportions or Virtual Curroncy during the financial year.

30 Standards Issued but not yet effective

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs has notified Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Amendment Rules 2022 dated March 23, 2022 to amend the following Ind AS which are effective from April 01, 2022:

- (i) Onerous Contracts Costs of Fulfilling a Contract Amendments to Ind AS 37
- (ii) Reference to the Conceptual Framework Amendments to Ind AS 103
- (iii) Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use Amendments to Ind AS 16
- (iv) Ind AS 101 First-time Adoption of Indian Accounting Standards Subsidiary as a first-time adopter
- (v) Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments Fees in the '10 per cent' test for derecognition of financial liabilities

(vi) Ind AS 41 Agriculture - Taxation in fair value measurements

The impact of the applicable standers under evaluation by management of the Company.

31 Previous year figures have been regrouped wherever necessary to conform with current year's classification.

Summary of significant accounting policies

The accompanying notes referred to above form an integral part of the financial statements

As per report of even date

for V D S R & Co LLP.,

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 001626S/S200085

For and on behalf of the Board of directors of

IBID HOME PRIVATE LIMITED

Venkatesh Kamath S V

Partner

Membership No: 202626

Place: Bengaluru Date: 25, 05, 2022 Amanda Joy Puravankara

Director DIN 07128042 Niraj Gautam

Director DIN 07868503

Place: Bengaluru Date: 25. 05. 2022